

Claim Amendment under 37 CFR 1.121(c)

1. (Currently amended) A facial bone contouring device
using a hollowed rasp provided with non-plugging holes
5 ~~formed through a cutting plane~~, comprising:
- a rasp including a rod, and a cutter ~~provided with a~~
plurality of grooves for exhausting cut bone fragments, a
saline solution feeding passage and a bone fragment
exhausting passage formed in the cutter;
 - 10 a powered surgical handpiece connected to the rasp
for providing linear reciprocating motion to the rasp;
a saline solution feeding unit for feeding saline
solution to the saline solution feeding passage of the
rasp;
 - 15 a suction unit for sucking the cut bone fragments
from the rasp via the bone fragment exhausting passage
and then exhausting the cut bone fragments to the
outside; and
 - a protector, formed to have a cylindrical shape,
20 configured to accept and surround the entire surface of
the rod and a part of the cutter of the rasp, wherein the
protector is configured to be inserted with a trocar,
wherein bone cutting is performed under the
condition that the saline solution is fed into the rasp,
25 and ~~the~~ cut bone fragments are exhausted to the outside
together with the saline solution, so that the bone
cutting is continuously performed, and
 - wherein the protector is configured to be separated
from the rasp, to accept the trocar, to be delivered to a
30 bone cutting site, to release the trocar, and to accept
the rasp in the original place such that the rasp is
disposed at the bone cutting site via a minimum incision,
and
and

wherein a plurality of non-plugging holes are formed through a cutting plane and between a cutting blade formed at a lower portion of the cutter so as to exhaust cut bone fragments, wherein a cavity is formed in the
5 cutter connected to the plurality of non-plugging holes, and wherein the cavity is connected to the bone fragment exhausting passage of the rasp.

2. (Currently amended) The facial bone contouring
10 device ~~using a hollowed rasp provided with non-plugging holes formed through a cutting plane,~~ as set forth in claim 1, wherein a bone fragment collector is connected to the suction unit.

15 3. (Currently amended) The facial bone contouring device ~~using a hollowed rasp provided with non-plugging holes formed through a cutting plane,~~ as set forth in claim 1, wherein the rasp further includes a connector formed on one end of the rod having a cylindrical shape
20 and connected to an adaptor of the powered surgical handpiece,

~~wherein the cutter, formed on the other end of the rod, comprises a cutting blade formed at a lower portion of the cutter, a cavity formed in the cutter, and wherein
25 the plurality of grooves connect the cavity to the cutting blade, and~~

wherein the saline solution feeding passage and the bone fragment exhausting passage formed in the cutter are extended to the outside of the cutter.

30 4. (Currently amended) The facial bone contouring device ~~using a hollowed rasp provided with non-plugging holes formed through a cutting plane,~~ as set forth in claim 3, wherein the saline solution feeding passage and

the bone fragment exhausting passage are formed in the rod.

5. (Currently amended) The facial bone contouring device using a hellowed rasp provided with non-plugging holes formed through a cutting plane, as set forth in claim 1, wherein the saline solution feeding passage is formed in the rod, and the bone fragment exhausting passage is formed by connecting the cavity in the cutter to an external connection jack protruding from the cutter via a hole formed through the cutter.

6. (Previously canceled)

15 7. (Currently amended) The facial bone contouring device using a hellowed rasp provided with non-plugging holes formed through a cutting plane, as set forth in claim 1, wherein a bending portion is formed at a designated portion of the rod, and wherein a cylindrical protector, formed to have a cylindrical shape so as to surround the rod and a part of the cutter of the rasp, has a double tube structure so that the saline solution feeding passage is formed between two tubes, and is bent at a designated angle.

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